

EQUITY RESEARCH

UPDATED

08/19/2024

Convoy

TEAM

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Convoy

Marketplace connecting shippers with truckers for real-time freight booking and tracking

#logistics #b2b-marketplaces #b2b

REVENUE \$320,000,000

2023

VALUATION

\$3,800,000,000

2023

GROWTH RATE (Y/Y)

-57%

2023

<u>Visit Website</u> **Details**

HEADQUARTERS

Seattle, WA

CEO

Dan Lewis







FUNDING

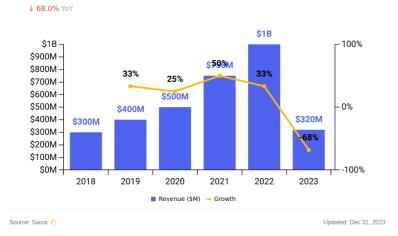
\$930,000,000

2023

Revenue



\$320.0M



Convoy's revenue peaked at \$750M in 2021, growing 50% annually. However, the company experienced a significant decline, with revenue dropping to \$320M in 2023. This represents a 57% decrease from its 2021 peak.

Despite previously projecting growth, Convoy struggled financially in 2023. The company's revenue collapse in the first nine months of the year fell far short of its 2022 performance. This financial downturn made it difficult for Convoy to secure additional funding or find a buyer.

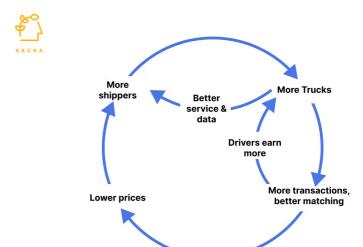
After unsuccessful attempts to raise money or sell the company over a four-month period, Convoy ultimately ran out of funds and shut down operations in 2023. Prior to its closure, Convoy operated a network of 400,000 trucks and counted major enterprises such as Home Depot, Procter & Gamble, Unilever, and Anheuser-Busch among its customers.

Convoy's business model was based on creating a price arbitrage between shippers and carriers, keeping the difference as revenue. The company had previously reported profitability on a per-transaction basis.

Valuation

Convoy reached a peak valuation of \$3.8 billion during a funding round led by T. Rowe Price and Baillie Gifford, before ceasing operations in 2023. The digital freight network raised over \$1 billion in total funding throughout its lifetime. Notable investors included prominent tech figures Jeff Bezos and Bill Gates, along with institutional investors like CapitalG (Alphabet's venture arm) and Generation Investment Management (Al Gore's investment firm). The company attracted significant capital from both strategic and institutional investors before its closure in late 2023.

Business Model



The US trucking market is worth \$800B with 100k+ shippers and 1M carriers, of which 95% have less than 10 trucks. This makes it difficult for shippers to find carriers directly, and they rely on 17,000+ brokers to match loads with carriers who charge 15% to 20% per transaction.

The matchmaking is manual and effort-intensive, with an army of reps at these brokers calling/emailing carriers for each new load, spending up to 4 hours on every transaction. Furthermore, brokers are incentivized to maximize their margins rather than make efficient routes, resulting in 35% of miles driven back by trucks without freight, with a loss of \$10B annually.

Convoy's core thesis is to replace this inefficient manual matchmaking with algorithmic matchmaking. Once shippers list their freight on Convoy, its pricing algorithm shows them a price estimate for the freight and then runs an auction on the carrier side, composed mainly of the long-tail, for them to accept the freight at a lower price, with Convoy keeping the spread on the transaction as its revenue. Convoy mentions that 100% of matching in its top markets is automated, with a matching time of a few minutes.

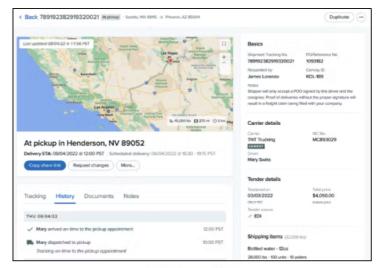
By replacing reps with algorithms, Convoy operates at lower costs allowing it to take a lower take rate than traditional brokers, leverage this low fee to attract shippers, and use the increased load volume to sign up more carriers, creating a flywheel effect. We expect Convoy to operate at a gross margin of less than 10%, like Transfix (gross margin: 6.4%) and Uber Freight (operating margin: 0.1%), as the bulk of its revenue comes from enterprise shippers who offer take rates of less than 5%.

Product

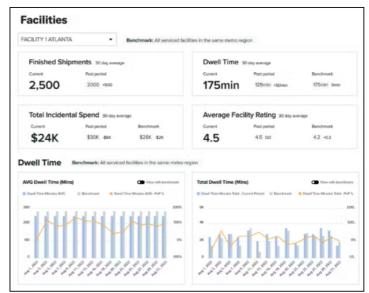
Convoy found an initial product-market fit by signing up the top 10% high-volume routes of two large enterprise shippers and using this demand to aggregate trucking companies operating on those routes. As the supply of trucking companies grew, Convoy signed up other large shippers on those routes and then expanded outwards to more shippers nationwide.

Shippers can add new loads to Convoy through their portal (primarily used by SMBs) or by integrating it with their transport management software (used mostly by enterprise shippers). Shippers also get a dashboard to track their orders live, see ETAs, get delay alerts and run analytics on historical data.

For carriers, besides a mobile app where they bid on the loads, Convoy also provides a mini SaaS that lets them manage their operations better. This includes uploading invoices and other delivery-related documents, receiving payments and keeping track of past payments, tracking the live location of their fleet, and route planning. Convoy pings the GPS in truckers' phones through its app to get their live location. Carriers also get a fuel card that gets them discounts at certain gas stations and deals on used trucks/trailers, roadside assistance, and spare parts.

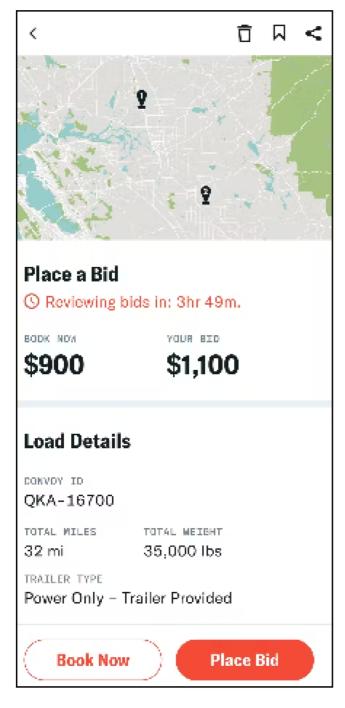


Freight tracking



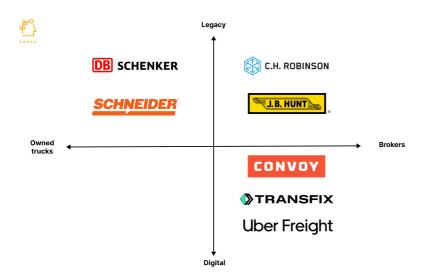
Shipping analytics

Shipper's portal



Bidding in the Convoy app

Competition



Convoy operates in a fragmented market and competes with companies that operate owned trucks like DB Schenker (\$23B) and Schneider (\$4.3B), large traditional brokers like C.H. Robinson (\$10.9B) and J.B. Hunt (\$18.4B), digital marketplaces like Uber Freight (\$3.5B) and Transfix (\$1.1B), and the long-tail of SMB brokers that form the bulk of 17,000+ brokers in the US.

Uber Freight is the largest trucking digital marketplace by revenue, grossing \$2.1B in 2021. It grew ~3x from 2018 to 2020 by offering enterprise customers take rates as low as 1%, undercutting its competitors.

Large incumbent brokers are digitizing their operations in response to Convoy and Uber Freight. For instance, C.H. Robinson booked \$875M through its app/portal in 2021, up ~200% annually. However, it's a very small part of their revenue (less than 5%), and they struggle to attract high-quality engineering and product talent due to their legacy roots.

On the other hand, SMB brokers don't have the talent or money to digitize their operations and are at risk of being replaced by digital marketplaces. Convoy is the only digital marketplace that lets brokers list their loads on its platform and use its SaaS for matchmaking, competing with newer startups like MVMNT (raised \$24.5M; backed by A16Z) that offer back-office SaaS to SMB brokers.

TAM Expansion

With less than 1% of the US trucking market, Convoy has a lot of growth headroom as a marketplace. In parallel, it's evolving from a marketplace into a vertical SaaS for brokers/truckers with embedded financial services to capture additional revenue beyond the direct spending on freight movement.

Vertical SaaS

In November 2021, Convoy launched Convoy for Brokers, allowing brokers to post their loads through Convoy's portal. Brokers get access to Convoy's portal as a SaaS for finding carriers, invoicing, and payments. Convoy gets the benefit of additional load for its carriers, access to data for shipping routes managed by these brokers, and incremental revenue by capturing net new transactions. Convoy can layer more products and create a 'Toast for brokers' that helps them better manage their operations.

Financial services

Convoy offers basic financial services like a fuel card and invoice factoring with free same or next-day payment to carriers and recently added a paid Quick Pay service to get the payment in 8 hours at a 1.5% transaction fee. Like other contractor management portals such as Deel and Upwork, Convoy can layer more financial services such as an Uberlike debit card, insurance, and working capital loans to the carriers.

Risks

Lack of profitability

By starting with enterprise shippers to build demand and attract carriers to its platform, Convoy compromised on its take rate and settled for low margins. In the current funding scenario, with a sharp focus on profitability, this can become a challenge in raising future funds.

Post-COVID reset

Convoy got a shot in the arm in 2021, as COVID strained the supply chain and even the largest truckers were running out of trucks, forcing enterprise shippers to shift their loads to digital marketplaces like Convoy to access the long-tail of carriers to ship their load. With COVID waning, the traditional shippers are getting surplus capacity, which can push the enterprise players away from digital marketplaces.

Fundraising

Round	Date	Amount (\$M)	Valuation (\$M)	Investors
Series E	Apr 21, 2022	\$260M	\$3,800M	Baillie Gifford, T. Rowe Price
Series D	Nov 13, 2019	\$400M	\$2,830M	Generation Investment Management, T. Rowe Price
Series C	Sep 21, 2018	\$185M	\$1,080M	CapitalG
Series B	Jul 25, 2017	\$62M	\$362M	Y Combinator
Series A	Mar 23, 2016	\$16M	\$58M	Greylock
Seed Round	Oct 26, 2015	\$2.5M	NA	NA

Team



Dan Lewis

Co-Founder and
CEO



Grant Goodale

Co-Founder



Mark Okerstrom

President and
COO



Dorothy Li
CTO



Ryan Gavin

Chief Growth

Officer



John Morrow

General Counsel



Maggie Brady

Head of People

Funding Rounds

Share Name	Issue Price	Issued At	
Series Founder	\$1.00	Sep 2018	
Series E			
Share Name	Issue Price	Issued At	
Series E	\$16.50	Apr 2022	
Series D			
Share Name	Issue Price	Issued At	
Series D-1	\$13.54	Nov 2019	
Series D	\$13.54	Nov 2019	
Series C			
Share Name	Issue Price	Issued At	
Series C	\$7.1006	Sep 2018	
Series B			
Share Name	Issue Price	Issued At	
Series B	\$3.05753	Jul 2017	
Series A			
Share Name	Issue Price	Issued At	
Series A	\$0.602036	Mar 2016	

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